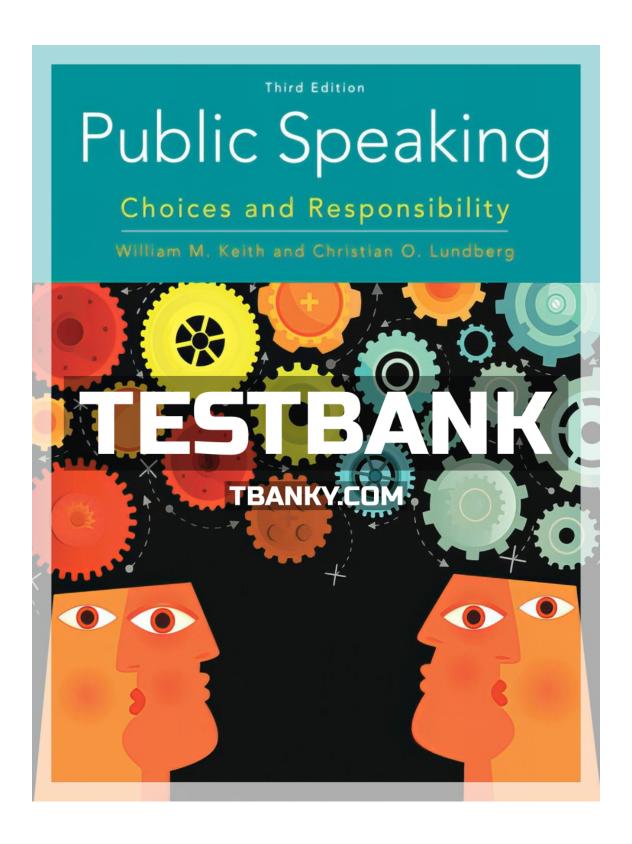
TEST BANK FOR PUBLIC SPEAKING 3RD EDITION KEITH ISBN 9780357039083



Nama	Class	Date:
Name:	Class:	Date
01 Public Speaking	d mouth mostoning	
Explain why public speaking is powerful and	_	
 Throughout human history, speech has been a. True b. False ANSWER: False 	a powerful force only when it is us	ed for good purposes.
2. The speaking skills you develop in the classing a. Trueb. FalseANSWER: False	room will make little difference in y	your everyday life.
3. Listening to an effective speech can help usa. Trueb. FalseANSWER: True	make better decisions about the kin	ds of changes we need to make.
4. The basic principles of speech vary depending a. Trueb. FalseANSWER: False	ng on the seriousness of the speech	occasion.
Contrast the public and civic dimensions of	public speaking with other types	of communication
5. Democratic conversations, like advertising, a. Trueb. FalseANSWER: False	focus on a target consumer audienc	e.
6. A public is a group of people who share a coa. Trueb. FalseANSWER: True	ommon set of concerns.	
7. The speaker and the audience should not be a. True b. False ANSWER: False	part of the same public.	
8. Acting is the same as public speaking because a. True b. False	se both are communicating with an	audience.

Define the special responsibilities of a public speaker

ANSWER: False

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Name:	Class:	Date:	
01 Public Speaking			
9. It's not possible to make choices a ethically responsible.a. Trueb. False	about how to write and deliver a speech that	are both practically effective and	
ANSWER: False			
10. The responsible and ethical spearmeans to achieve those goals. a. True b. False ANSWER: True	ker chooses the appropriate goals for the aud	dience and situation and the appropriate	
speech, you're not living up to the re a. True b. False	ou're unable to answer a question from your equirements of public persuasion.	r audience about how you organized your	
ANSWER: True			
Identify the stages and choices nec	essary to compose and deliver a speech		
12. Ancient rhetorical practice was of into five parts.a. Trueb. False	organized around the canons of rhetoric, whi	ich broke the process of speaking	
ANSWER: True			
13. The preparation that goes into de than your performance.a. Trueb. False	eciding what you will say during your speech	h is easier, and probably less important,	
ANSWER: False			
14. Great delivery with nothing muc	h to say isn't effective communication.		
b. False			
ANSWER: True			
15. When you're giving your audient	ce information, if you know what you're tall	king about you can assume you'll	

automatically be clearly understood.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

Describe communication choices at each stage of the speech creation process

16. In the preparation phase of speech creation, you can assume that your personal goals and your goals for your audience will always be the same.

Name:	Class:	Date:
1 Public Speaking		
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
	ould brainstorm many possible arguments and	I then choose the ones you think your
udience will understand and feel conne	cted to.	
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
ournal articles, web pages, Wikipedia, l	f sources available to choose from (including books, and more), it's not necessary to choose	
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
ou're presenting, should only be include	ves the context of relevance to your audience led in your speech introduction.	for the information or arguments
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: False		
or distracted from what you are trying to	or slides in your speech presentation, your au o say.	dience may feel either overwhelmed
a. True		
b. False		
ANSWER: True		
Explain why public speaking is power	ful and worth mastering	
•	tively, can make a difference in your life?	
a. The speech you give when you p	itch an important business idea.	
b. The speech you give when convi	ncing a loved one to support you in an impor	tant endeavor.
1 2 0	ces others to vote for a law that affects your e	5 5
to vote for a law that affects your	oitch an important business idea and the speed everyday life.	ch you give that convinces others
e. All of these choices.		
ANSWER: e		
22. When we speak and listen in a way t	that preserves the important differences that r	make each of us who we are, we are
especting		
a. rhetorical principles		
b. plurality of democracy		
c. unity of democracy		
d. All of these choices.		
e. None of these choices.		

Name:	Class:	Date:
01 Public Speaking		
ANSWER: b		
•	ch private	
24. In the context of democracy, the goal along a sell something to others be brainstorm ideas together comake decisions collectively designed display your knowledge electric control the outcome ANSWER: c	oal for communication is to	
Contrast the public and civic dimens	sions of public speaking with other types of co	mmunication
 25. How are advertising and democrace a. The channel by which you com b. The amount of attention given t c. The goals of the communication d. All of these choices. e. None of these choices. ANSWER: c	o the audience is different.	
26. According to your textbook, the "p a. the name of a type of speech b. the act of speaking in public c. a group of people who share a c d. all of these choices e. none of these choices ANSWER: c	common set of concerns	
Define the special responsibilities of	a public speaker	
	this way because it didn't seem like there was an	y other way to do it" you're

Name:	Class:	Date:
01 Public Speaking		
ANSWER: b		
Identify the stages and choices necessary	to compose and deliver a speech	
28. Speaking to inform means you focus ona. entertaining your audienceb. influencing your audience	·	
c. conveying knowledge d. all of these choices		
e. none of these choices ANSWER: c		
29. Speaking to persuade means you focus of a. entertaining your audience b. influencing your audience c. conveying knowledge	on	
d. all of these choicese. none of these choices		
ANSWER: b		
30. When making preparation decisions, wha. What tone of voice you will use.b. How you will eliminate distractions fc. How you will organize your speech.		ation?
d. How you will remember your contente. What visual aids will help the audien		
ANSWER: c		
31. When making preparation decisions whi a. What gestures you will use. b. What information and arguments you c. What clothing / attire will be effectived. What key words you will list on your e. All of these choices.	u will provide. ve.	ation?
ANSWER: b		
32. When making performance decisions, wa. What you want to say.b. How you will transition from point toc. What evidence you will provide.d. How fast you should speak.	o point.	eration?
e. What words will create a compelling <i>ANSWER</i> : d	experience.	

Name:	Class:	Date:
01 Public Speaking		
33. When making performance decisions,	• • •	deration?
a. How you will eliminate distraction	s from your delivery.	
b. What are your key points.		
c. How you will organize your speech	i.	
d. How you will support your ideas.		
e. All of these choices.		
ANSWER: a		
Describe communication choices at each	stage of the speech creation process	
34. Good communication is		
a. polished delivery style and enthusia		
b. willingness to take responsibility for	·	
c. choosing appropriate goals and me		
	asm and choosing appropriate goals and r	
	or your choices and choosing appropriate	goals and means to achieve them
ANSWER: e		
35. The speaking process can be organized	l into three parts. According to the textbo	ook, they are
a. thinking, creating, speaking		
b. planning, preparing, concluding		
c. creating, presenting, reflecting		
d. thinking, speaking, reflecting		
e. none of these choices		
ANSWER: a		
36. When you are thinking about developi	ng your speech goal, you are	_·
a. generating evidence		
b. identifying reasons to support your	points	
c. organizing your material		
d. assessing the audience		
e. all of these choices		
ANSWER: d		